



### Features:

- ◇ Package in 8mm tape on 7"diameter reel.
- ♦ Compatible with automatic placement equipment.
- ♦ Compatible with infrared and vapor phase reflow solder process.
- ♦ Bi-color type.
- ♦ Colors: Super Red & Yellow Green.
- ♦ The product itself will remain within RoHS compliant Version.



### Descriptions:

- ♦ This SMD LED is much smaller than lead frame type components, thus enable smaller board size, higher packing density, reduced storage space and finally smaller equipment to be obtained.
- ♦ Besides, lightweight makes them ideal for miniature applications, etc.

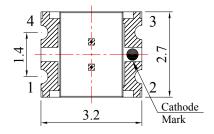
### Applications:

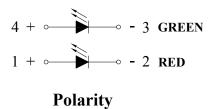
- ♦ Automotive: Backlighting in dashboard and switch.
- ♦ Telecommunication: Indicator and backlighting in telephone and fax.
- ♦ Flat backlight for LCD, switch and symbol.
- ♦ General use.

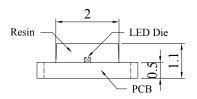




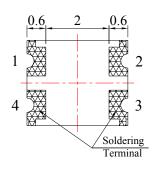
## Package Dimension:

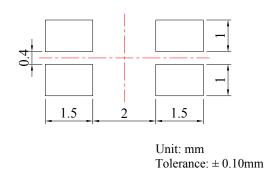






### **Recommended Soldering Pad Dimensions**





Part No.	Chip Material	Lens Color	Source Color	
1210-FLWC-SRYG	AlGaAs/GaAs	Water Class	Super Red	
	GaP/GaP	Water Clear	Yellow Green	

### Notes:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters (inches).
- 2. Tolerance is  $\pm$  0.10mm (.004") unless otherwise specified.
- 3. Specifications are subject to change without notice.





# Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25℃

Parameters	Symbol	Emitting Color	Max.	Unit	
Power Discipation	PD	Super Red	60	mW	
Power Dissipation		Yellow Green	72		
Peak Forward Current	IFP	Super Red	100		
(1/10 Duty Cycle, 0.1ms Pulse Width)	IFP	Yellow Green	100	- mA	
Continuous Forward Current	IF	Super Red	25		
Continuous Forward Current		Yellow Green	30	mA mA	
Reverse Voltage	VR	5 V		V	
Electrostatic Discharge (HBM)	ESD	2000		V	
Operating Temperature Range	Topr	-40℃ to +80℃			
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-40℃ to +85℃		C	
Soldering Temperature	Tsld	260°C for 5 Seconds			





## Electrical Optical Characteristics at Ta=25℃

Parameters	Symbol	Emitting Color	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Test Condition	
Luncin and Taken sike	IV	Super Red	10	20			IF=20mA	
Luminous Intensity		Yellow Green	10	20		mcd	(Note 1)	
Viewing Angle	2θ <sub>1/2</sub>	Super Red		120		Dog	IF=20mA (Note 2)	
viewing Angle		Yellow Green		120		Deg		
Peak Emission	λр	Super Red		660			IF=20mA (Measurement @Peak)	
Wavelength		Yellow Green		565		nm		
Dominant Wavelength	λd	Super Red		640		nm	IF=20mA (Note 3)	
Dominant wavelength		Yellow Green		570				
Spectral Line	Δλ	Super Red		45		nm	IF=20mA	
Half-Width		Yellow Green		30		nm		
Forward Voltage	VF	Super Red	1.50	1.80	2.40	V	IF=20mA	
		Yellow Green	1.60	2.00	2.40			
Reverse Current	IR	Super Red			10	μΑ	V 5V	
		Yellow Green					V <sub>R</sub> =5V	

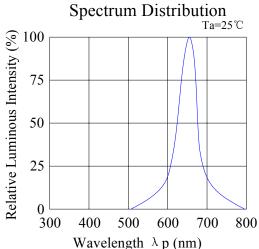
#### Notes:

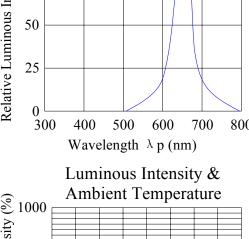
- 1. Luminous intensity is measured with a light sensor and filter combination that approximates the CIE eye-response curve.
  - 2.  $\theta_{1/2}$  is the off-axis angle at which the luminous intensity is half the axial luminous intensity.
- 3. The dominant wavelength ( $\lambda d$ ) is derived from the CIE chromaticity diagram and represents the single wavelength which defines the color of the device.

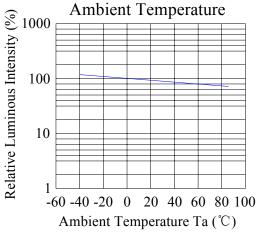


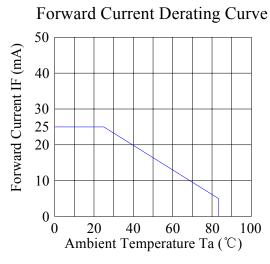


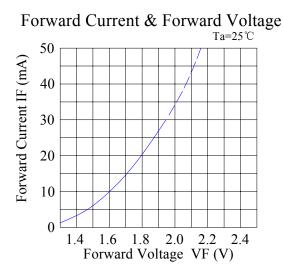
Typical Electrical / Optical Characteristics Curves (25°C Ambient Temperature Unless Otherwise Noted) Super Red:

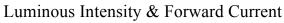


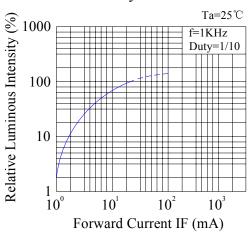


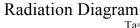


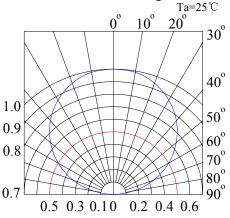








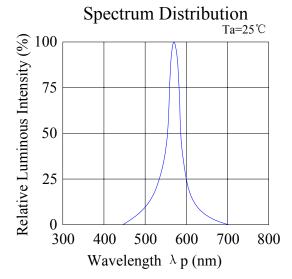




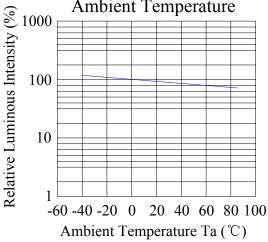




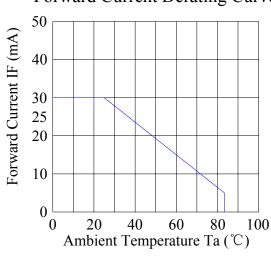
### Yellow Green:



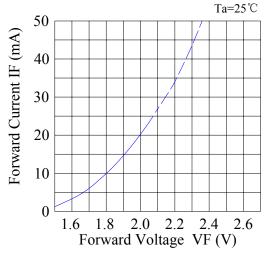
Luminous Intensity & Ambient Temperature



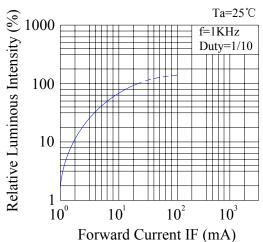
Forward Current Derating Curve



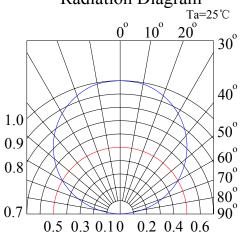
Forward Current & Forward Voltage



Luminous Intensity & Forward Current



Radiation Diagram







## Reliability Test Items And Conditions:

The reliability of products shall be satisfied with items listed below:

Confidence level: 90%.

LTPD: 10%.

### 1) Test Items and Results:

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No.	Test Item	Test Hours/Cycles Test Conditions		Sample Size	Ac/Re		
1	Resistance to Soldering Heat	6 Min Tsld=260±5℃, Min. 5sec		25pcs	0/1		
2	Thermal Shock	300 Cycles	H: $+100$ $^{\circ}$ 5 min $\int$ 10 sec L: $-10$ $^{\circ}$ 5 min	25pcs	0/1		
3	Temperature Cycle	300 Cycles	H: +100°C 15min ∫ 5min L: -40°C 15min	25pcs	0/1		
4	High Temperature Storage	1000Hrs.	Temp: 100°C	25pcs	0/1		
5	DC Operating Life	1000Hrs.	IF=20mA	25pcs	0/1		
6	Low Temperature Storage	1000Hrs.	Temp: -40℃	25pcs	0/1		
7	High Temperature/ High Humidity	1000Hrs.	85℃/85%RH	25pcs	0/1		

### 2) Criteria for Judging the Damage:

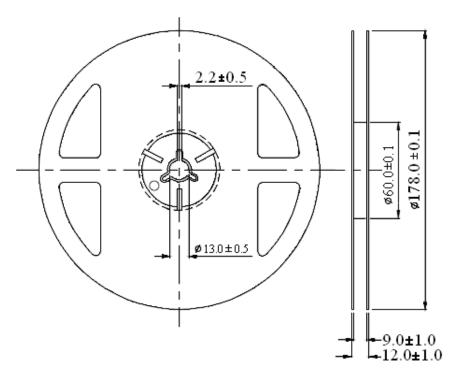
Item	Cumbal	Tost Conditions	Criteria for Judgment	
rtein	Symbol	Test Conditions Min		Max
Forward Voltage	VF	IF=20mA		F.V.*)×1.1
Reverse Current	IR	VR=5V		F.V.*)×2.0
Luminous Intensity	IV	IF=20mA	F.V.*)×0.7	

\*) F.V.: First Value.





### Reel Dimensions:

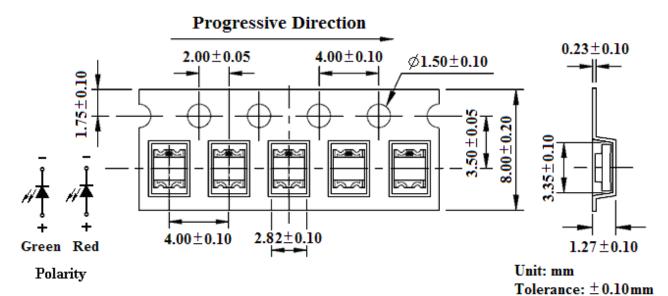


Unit: mm

Tolerance:  $\pm 0.25$ mm

## Carrier Tape Dimensions:

Loaded quantity 3000PCS per reel.







### Please read the following notes before using the product:

#### 1. Over-current-proof

Customer must apply resistors for protection, otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change (Burn out will happen).

#### 2. Storage

- 2.1 Do not open moisture proof bag before the products are ready to use.
- 2.2 Before opening the package, the LEDs should be kept at  $30^{\circ}$ C or less and  $80^{\circ}$ RH or less.
- 2.3 The LEDs should be used within a year.
- 2.4 After opening the package, the LEDs should be kept at  $30^{\circ}$ C or less and  $60^{\circ}$ RH or less.
- 2.5 The LEDs should be used within 168 hours (7 days) after opening the package.
- 2.6 If the moisture adsorbent material has fabled away or the LEDs have exceeded the storage time, baking treatment should be performed using the following conditions. Baking treatment:  $60\pm5^{\circ}$ C for 24 hours.

#### 3. Soldering Condition

When soldering, for Lamp without stopper type and must be leave a minimum of 3mm clearance from the base of the lens to the soldering point.

To avoided the Epoxy climb up on lead frame and was impact to non-soldering problem, dipping the lens into the solder must be avoided.

Do not apply any external stress to the lead frame during soldering while the LED is at high temperature.

Recommended soldering conditions:

Soldering Iron		Wave Soldering		
Temperature	300°C Max.	Pre-heat	100°C Max.	
Soldering Time	Soldering Time   3 sec. Max.		60 sec. Max.	
	(one time only)	Solder Wave	260°C Max.	
		Soldering Time	5 sec. Max.	

Note: Excessive soldering temperature and / or time might result in deformation of the LED lens or catastrophic failure of the LED.

#### 4. Soldering Iron

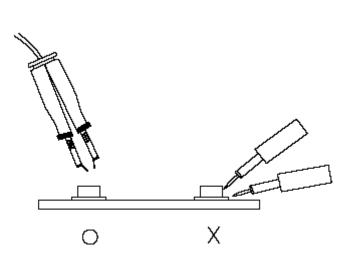
Each terminal is to go to the tip of soldering iron temperature less than  $260^{\circ}$  for 5 seconds within once in less than the soldering iron capacity 25W. Leave two seconds and more intervals, and do soldering of each terminal. Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand solder.

#### 5. Repairing

Repair should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.







#### 6. Caution in ESD

Static Electricity and surge damages the LED. It is recommended to use a wrist band or anti-electrostatic glove when handling the LED. All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded.